



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

## OBSERVATIONES CRITICAE IN EURIPIDIS ORESTEM.

SCRIPSIT I. M. VAN GENT.

---

Eurip. Orest. 67. ed. HERMANN.

'Ηλ. βλέπω δὲ πᾶσαν εἰς ὁδὸν, πότ' ὄψομαι  
Μενέλαον ἥκονθ', ὃς τὰ γ' ἀλλ' ἐπ' ἀσθενοῦς  
ῥώμης ὀχούμεθ', ἦν τι μὴ κείνου πάρα  
σωθῶμεν.

Pro ΡΩΜΗΣ, quod h. l. quam maxime alienum est, Poëta sine dubio dedit ΡΟΠΗΣ. Eurip. Hel. 1508:

βλέπω δύο ροπάς· οὐ γὰρ θανεῖν δεῖ, οὐ κτέ.

Hippol. 1163. ἐπὶ σμικρᾶς ροπῆς. Thuc. 5, 103. Hesych. ροπή.  
κλίσις, νεῦμα (nostrates *kans.*) Locutio parum differt ab Homericis (Il. 10, 175):

νῦν γὰρ δύο πάντεσσιν ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἵσταται ἀκμῆς.

Pro ἵσταται usurpatur quoque ὀχεῖσθαι. Aristoph. Eq. 1244:  
λεπτή τις ἐλπίς ἔστ', ἐφ' οἷς ὀχούμεθα.

Fragm. Gerytad. apud Athen. XII. 551. C.

ώς σφόδρ' ἐπὶ λεπτῶν ἐλπίδων ὡχεῖσθ' ἄρα.

Hinc facilis correctio est loci Herodotei VI, 11: ἐπὶ ξυροῦ  
γὰρ ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ήμιν τὰ πρήγματα, — οὐ εἶναι ἐλευθέροισι  
ἢ δούλοισι κτέ. Ubi pro ΕΧΕΤΑΙ, me sponsore, tuto leges  
ΟΧΕΕΤΑΙ.

vs. 154. δλεῖς, εἰ βλέφαρα κινήσεις  
ὕπνου γλυκυτάταν Φερομένῳ χάριν.

L. Φερβομένῳ χαράν.

Χαράν habent Libri. Vid. Hermann. ad h. l. Velleum vel in  
uno Cod. legeretur Φερβομένῳ. Ita enim ponitur vocab. Med.

827: Φερβόμενοι κλεινοτάταν σοφίαν. Imitantur talia Latini poëtae: Graeca enim olen, qualia leguntur apud Virg. Aen. VII. 414. carpere quietem. IV. 522. soporem. Ovid. Art. III. 661. gaudia.

vs. 246 .Ηλ. ὁρᾶς γὰρ οὐδὲν ᾧ δοκεῖς σάφ' εἰδέναι.

Haesitarunt in h. l. erudit. Nec immerito. Vid. Hermann. ad h. l. Displacet tamen, quam proposuit Matthiaeus, conjectura: σάφ' ἵσθ' ὅτι. Euripidis manum librariorum tricis deturpatam revocaveris hoc modo:

'Ηλ. ὁρᾶς γὰρ οὐδὲν ᾧ δοκεῖς σαφῶς ἴδεῖν.  
simili modo infra v. 308:

κἄν μὴ νοσῆς γὰρ, ἀλλὰ δοξάζῃς νοσεῖν κτέ.

et v. 402:

ἴδοξ' ἴδεῖν τρεῖς νυκτὶ προσφερεῖς κόρας.

et v. 715:

ἴδων αὐτὸς σαφῶς.

Conf. Phoen. 161:

ὁρῶ δῆτ' οὐ σαφῶς, ὁρῶ δέ πως  
μορφῆς τύπωμα.

vs. 290. ἀλλ', ὃ τάλαινα, βᾶσα δωμάτων ἔσω,  
ὕπνῳ τ' ἄϋπνου βλέφαρον ἐκταθεῖσα δός,  
σῖτόν τ' ὅρεξαι, λουτρά τ' ἐπιβαλοῦ χροῖ.

L. σῖτόν τε δέξαι. Prorsus eodem modo legitur supra  
v. 41:

ῶν οὔτε σῖτα διὰ δέρης ἐδέξαιτο,  
οὐ λούτρος ἔδωκε χρωτί.

Ridiculum enim est iubere aliquem *appelere cibum*. Sed  
*sume cibum* recte dicitur. Ceterum δρέγομαι genitivum regit:  
accusativus arguit corruptelam.

vs. 313. Χορ. καθικετεύομαι, καθικετεύομαι,  
τὸν Ἀγαμέμνονος γόνον ἔάσατ' ἐκ-  
λαθέσθαι λύσσας μανιάδος δεινᾶς

Φοιταλέου μόχθων, οῖων, ὡς τάλας,  
δρεχθεὶς ἔρρεις, κτέ.

Ad quem locum Hermannus: »Libri λύσσας μανιάδος Φοιταλέου. Φεῦ μόχθων, οῖων ὡς τάλας δρεχθεὶς ἔρρεις, nisi quod multi Codd. κακῶν ante μόχθων addunt, Mosc. a. d. Aug. b. c. Havn. ὡς τάλας habent. — Apparet excidisse disyllabum vocabulum ante Φοιταλέου, quod necesse est aliud epitheton λύσσας fuisse. Itaque quum in antistrophico versu eo loco δεινῶν sit, consuetudo tragicorum idem vocabulum eodem strophae rum loco iterandi suadebat ut δεινᾶς ponere.» Quae tamen mira critics exercendae ratio nobis minus placet. Quapropter, reiecto ridiculo Hermanni commento (δεινᾶς), codicum auctoritati obtemperandum, e quibus tuto colligas Poëtam dedisse:

μανιάδος κακῶν  
Φοιταλέου μόχθων, κτέ.

vs. 415. Ὁρ. οὕπω τὸ μέλλον δ' ἵσον ἀπραξίᾳ λέγω.

L. τὸ μέλλειν, cunctatio.

vs. 453.

Ὅρ. κύκλῳ γὰρ εἰλισσόμεθα παγκάλκοις ὅπλοις.

Pro vulgato εἰλισσόμεθα, quod sanum sensum non habet, facile quisvis Euripidi restituet εἰλούμεσθα, et mecum vertet: undique enim circumsepli (obsessi, inclusi) sumus aeneis armis (i. e. armatis).

vs. 752.

Ὅρ. μὴ μ' ἴδεῖν θαυμόνθ' ὑπ' ἀστῶν καὶ κασιγνήτην ἐμήν.

L. μὴ μ' ἔαν θανεῖν. Conf. v. 884 sq.

Ita legisse videtur Scholiasta interpretans μὴ ἀνέξεσθαι.

Supra v. 618. ed. Tauchn.:

ξα δ' ὑπ' ἀστῶν καταφονευθῆναι πέτροις.

vs. 1256.

Ἡλ. ἐλίσσετε νῦν βλέψαρα κόραςι, δίδοτε πάντας διὰ βοστρύχων.

In contextus constitutione et versuum distributione secutus sum Seidlerum de vers. dochm. p. 317. Quod ad sensum, eum vulgatae nullum inesse puto. Canteri conjectura: κόρας διάδοτε, parum proficimus. Hermanni interpretatio in alia omnia abit. Evidem locum sic restituendum arbitror:

έλισσετε νῦν βλέφαρα, κόραισι δ' ἵδετε πάντα  
διὰ βοστρύχων.

vs. 1278. Ήλ. ἀλλ' αἰ μὲν ἐνθάδ', αἰ δ' ἐκεῖσ' ἔλισσετε.

'Ελισσειν nusquam, quod sciam, intransitive pro *ire* dicitur. Puto turbatum esse et scripsisse poëtam: ἐκεῖσε λεύσσετε. Sunt qui putent subintelligendum esse v. c. κόρας, vel simile quid. Evidem eodem iure subintelligi posse contendam *dolium* vel aliud quidvis.

vs. 1468. ΧΑΡ. ποῦ δῆτ' ἀμύνειν οἱ κατὰ στέγας Φρύγες;

Omnino requiritur verbum finitum, unde pendeat infinitivus ἀμύνειν. Quocirca dubitari nequit, quin Poëta dederit:

ποῦ δ' ἦτ' ἀμύνειν οἱ κ. σ. Φ.

*Ubinam eratis ad opitulandum*, cet. Conf. v. 1514: σοὶ μὲν οὖν ἔγωγ' ἀμύνειν sc. κραυγὴν ἔθηκα. Eodem modo rogat chorus supra v. 1411: σὸν δ' ἥσθα ποῦ ποτ' κτέ.

Particulae δέ in interrogationibus frequens est usus idemque significat quod δῆ. Aristoph. Plut. 346:

Βλ. γέγονας δ' ἀληθῶς, ώς λέγουσι, πλούσιος;

Eurip. Troad. 67:

Πο. τί δ' ὡδε πηδᾶς κτέ.

Ceterum tenendum est Graecos numquam admittere ellipsis imperfecti verbi εἰμι.